1		STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE
2		PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
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4	May 7, 2009 -	
5	Concord, New I	
6		NHPUC MAY13'09 PM 1:18
7	RE:	DT 09-048 IDT AMERICA, CORP.:
8		Petition for Arbitration of Interconnection Agreement with Union Telephone Company.
9		James and the conference of th
10	PRESENT:	F. Anne Ross, Esq.
11		(Presiding as Hearings Examiner)
12		Sandy Deno, Clerk
13 14	APPEARANCES:	Reptg. IDT America, Corp.: Carl Billek, Esq. Thomas Jordan, Esq.
15		Reptg. Union Telephone Company:
16		Brian McDermott, Esq. (Synergies Law Group) Darren Winslow
17		Reptg. MetroCast:
18		Robert J. Munnelly, Esq. (Murtha Cullina) Josh Barstow
19		Reptg. Residential Ratepayers:
20	4	Stephen Eckberg
	-	Office of Consumer Advocate
21		Reptg. PUC Staff: Robert Hunt, Esq.
22		
23	Cour	rt Reporter: Steven E. Patnaude, LCR No. 52

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## PROCEEDINGS

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MS. ROSS: Good morning. My name is

Anne Ross. I've been appointed by the Commission today to
conduct a prehearing conference in the case of DT 09-048.

On March 11th, 2009, IDT America Corp. filed with the New
Hampshire Public Utilities Commission a petition for
arbitration of rates, terms and conditions of
interconnection with Union Telephone Company pursuant to
47 U.S.C. Sections 251(a) and (b). Based on Union's
alleged refusal to negotiate, IDT has submitted its
proposed interconnection agreement in its entirety as a
set of unresolved issues for arbitration.

This morning we will need to cover several issues. First, I will be taking appearances, and considering any interventions that have been presented, and then we will move to address the pending motion by Union Telephone Company, and any other matters that may have arisen. Let me begin by explaining the process. I've been assigned as Hearings Examiner. I will listen to your arguments. This will be recorded today. And, then, I will prepare a recommendation to the Commissioners concerning the rulings on the matters that are going to be addressed today.

Are there any questions before we take

1	appearances?	
2	(No verbal response)	
3	MS. ROSS: Okay. Let's begin.	
4	MR. BILLEK: Carl Billek, appearing on	
5	behalf of IDT America.	
6	MR. JORDAN: Thomas Jordan, appearing on	
7	behalf of IDT America.	
8	MR. MUNNELLY: Robert Munnelly, of the	
9	law firm Murtha Cullina, LLP, appearing for MetroCast. We	
10	have a pending Motion to Intervene. And, also with me is	
11	Josh Barstow of MetroCast.	
12	MS. ROSS: Thank you.	
13	MR. McDERMOTT: Brian McDermott, from	
14	Synergies Law Group, PLLC, representing Union.	
15	MR. WINSLOW: And, I'm Darren Winslow,	
16	Controller with Union.	
17	MR. ECKBERG: Good morning. I'm Stephen	
18	Eckberg, with the Office of Consumer Advocate. We are not	
19	formally participating in this docket. I'm here today	
20	only to monitor activities, as we have a general interest	
21	in matters of competition in the telecommunications	
22	industry.	
23	MR. HUNT: Good morning. As you know,	
24	I'm Rob Hunt. I'm Staff Attorney here. And, we me today,	

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       on my left directly, is Victor Del Vecchio. It's my
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       understanding that Mr. Del Vecchio has been selected to be
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       the Arbitrator in this matter. I'm not sure of the formal
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       status at this time. And, as you know, Kate Bailey is to
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       his left, she's Director of Telecommunications, and
       Matthew -- excuse me, Michael Ladam is an analyst with the
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 7
       Division of Telecommunications.
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                         MS. ROSS: Thank you.
                                                I have one
 9
       pending intervention by MetroCast. Are there any
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       objections to that intervention request?
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                         MR. McDERMOTT:
                                         No objections.
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                         MR. HUNT:
                                    No.
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                         MS. ROSS: Okay. All right.
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       pending motion that I am aware of is the Motion to
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       Dismiss, or, in the alternative, to stay the proceeding.
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       Is there any other motion pending?
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                         (No verbal response)
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                         MS. ROSS:
                                    In that case, I would ask
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       Union to make its arguments under its motion. And, then,
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       other parties will have an opportunity to respond, with
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       IDT going last in the responses.
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                         MR. McDERMOTT: Our Motion to Dismiss,
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       and, in the alternative, stay this proceeding, is based in
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large part on the uncertainties that are surrounding both

1 the certificates of IDT and, more directly, the 2 interconnection process that was followed by IDT. We are 3 aware that IDT is now a certificated entity in the 4 territory of Union. We have -- The Company also has a 5 pending motion before the Commission that has not been considered concerning a rehearing or, in the alternative, 6 reconsideration of IDT's certificate. That has not been ruled on. We're asking essentially that the Commission 9 resolve those issues. And, we are not disputing their 10 ability to interconnect, now that they have a valid 11 certificate. What we are disputing is the fact that they 12 issued a letter to Union that was not in the proper 13 format. Sorry about that. And, as of the date --[Static interference coming over the 14 15 microphone speakers] 16 MS. ROSS: Hold on a minute. Let me see 17 if we can get the sound --18 MR. McDERMOTT: Sure. 19 [Off the record] 20 MR. McDERMOTT: When IDT initially sent 21 a letter to Union, they were not certificated, nor had 22 filed an application for a certificate. In subsequent --23 In their eventual filing before the Commission asking for 24 arbitration, they mentioned that they were filing on

behalf of MetroCast. That filing was the first time in any of the correspondence to Union that MetroCast had been mentioned. And, as, under Section 251(a), only a telecommunications carrier is entitled to interconnection. A telecommunications carrier doesn't mean that they have a certificate within the state. It's been interpreted and precedent has been always that that applies to having authority in the region where you're requesting interconnection. If I'm a telephone carrier in Massachusetts, it doesn't give me the right to demand interconnection in New Hampshire, until I've gone through the process of getting a state authorization to provide that service. Basically, what we're asking was -- is for IDT to follow the process.

We are now in possession of a interconnection demand letter that meets the standards.

And, while we still dispute the way in which the certificate was granted, we recognize in the interim that the interconnection process has started.

We also find fault in the argument that seeking interconnection under 251(a) and (b) starts the clock that is outlined in Section 252 of the Telecommunications Act. Specifically, in 251(c), which was -- which IDT painstakingly stated that they were not

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       seeking an interconnection agreement, that contains a duty
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       to negotiate under 252 of this title. Basically, 252
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       contains the time frames for arbitration. So, not only do
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      we not think that the initial interconnection demand
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       letter or, actually, the "initial correspondence", I guess
       I would call it, would trigger that 252 time frame.
 6
      don't think the 252 time frame is applicable unless you
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       invoke 251(c).
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                         MS. ROSS:
                                    Could I ask you a question on
10
      that point?
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                         MR. McDERMOTT:
                                         Sure.
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                         MS. ROSS: Assuming that you're correct
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      as a matter of law that the 252 time frame does not apply
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      to interconnection under 251(a) and (b), would it be your
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      position that the Commission does not have authority to
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       impose a similar time frame on an arbitration?
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                         MR. McDERMOTT: We would -- Our position
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       is that we would ask for the Commission to be -- we're not
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      questioning the Commission's authority under their
20
       statutory authority to put together a procedural schedule.
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      What we are asking is the Commission do that in a manner
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      that would be a reasonable sort of time frame, given that,
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      you know, at the very least IDT wasn't certificated until
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      March.
               In the initial letter, or in the -- in the
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secretarial letter that stated that we were going to hold this proceeding, the Commission states that they want to get this done by July, the date that was requested by IDT. We think that that timeframe is unreasonably short, given that we haven't negotiated, and we are willing to look at the agreement, now that we're in possession of a valid interconnection demand letter. We just don't think it makes sense to waste resources to arbitrate the entire agreement, when we think that we could, while the certificate issue is pending, we can use that time to see if we can come to resolutions on some issues.

Now, all this is contingent -- Union's position has been, and always will be, that any interconnection agreement negotiated or entered into would always be contingent on Union having a valid certificate to provide services in Union's territory. So, if the Commission -- if our motion to reconsider their certificate is -- the Commission decides to reexamine that issue, and the Commission subsequently determines to withdraw the certificate, at that time any negotiated agreement that we have would be off the table, until such time as Union acquired a proper certificate. But we just don't think that we're sort of ready to dive into arbitration at this moment, when there's so many issues

that sort of have yet to be resolved.

One issue that is connected to IDT, but also to the intervenors, MetroCast, is, when MetroCast filed for a certificate, we filed -- Union filed a motion to reconsider or reexamine the certificate of MetroCast, which was denied by the Commission. Union has subsequently appealed to the Supreme Court, and Supreme Court has determined to hear that case. And, as part of that case, one of the questions that exists is whether the Commission violated their rules in Section 400 of the New Hampshire Commission's rules in granting MetroCast a certificate. That issue would exist with IDT as well.

And, in the response sent by Mr. Billek yesterday, under numbered Paragraph 4, he seems to agree that it's reasonable at this point for the Commission to place on hold, and the language is a little bit -- I think, basically, the language is a little bit hard to understand, but I think the gist of this is that, essentially, that it's reasonable to try and figure out exactly what is going to be the resolution of this, the rules, the New Hampshire Section 400 rules. To give a little bit of context, the rules under 400, one of the rules applies to the certification of carriers. The Commission had proposed to the Legislature that certain

language in that be dropped out, the way that the -- the way that that rule reads right now, it says "certification of -- in nondominant incumbents", there was a push to remove the word "nondominant" from that rule, which would have essentially given the Commission the authority under that rule to grant certificates in nondominant incumbents' territories. That has subsequently been dropped. The Commission is no longer attempting to change that language, which gives rise to the question as to whether they can, under this procedure, validly grant a certificate in a exempt rural incumbent area.

So, we are requesting that the

Commission stays this proceeding or, in the alternate,

dismisses this proceeding, until those issues are

resolved. Our request to dismiss is based on the fact

that we now have a valid interconnection demand letter.

IDT has a certificate that's in good standing at this

moment. So, we are -- we have a process set up, in which

we would negotiate an agreement. So, this proceeding

would seem to be unnecessary. In the alternate, since it

looks like the Commission has already appointed an

arbitrator, and has already invested some time in this, if

they want to keep this proceeding open to ensure that -
to sort of protect their interests and making sure that an

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       agreement is reached, we think that it reasonable to stay
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       this proceeding and stay the arbitration until such time
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       as these issues are resolved.
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                         MS. ROSS: Could I ask you to clarify.
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       Did I just understand you to be saying that you're
       withdrawing your motion to dismiss --
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 7
                         MR. McDERMOTT: No.
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                         MS. ROSS: -- and relying on your motion
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       to stay?
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                         MR. McDERMOTT:
                                         No.
                                               I'm simply stating
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       that our motion to dismiss is based on the argument that
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       we -- that this proceeding is redundant, because we have,
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       in our estimation, we have -- our refusal to negotiate was
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       based on the fact that IDT did not have a certificate.
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       IDT now has a valid certificate, and has sent a letter
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       requesting interconnection negotiations, in a proper
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       format. That letter was sent I think it was last week.
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       And, so, in our minds, we have now a negotiation open with
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       IDT.
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                         (Atty. McDermott conferring with Mr.
21
       Winslow.)
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                         MR. McDERMOTT:
                                         Yes.
                                               That's going to
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       also be based on, of course, the resolution of sort of the
       issues that I've previously mentioned, in terms of the
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certificate and the validity of the Section 400 rules. We also, in our motion to dismiss or in our motion — in our motion to reconsider IDT's certificate, which is still at — still before the Commission, there are other issues outside of the issues raised. One issue that needs to be resolved is the status of IDT. In their request, they have basically stated that they're going to be serving one customer, which is MetroCast. That, by definition, would seem to indicate that they're a private carrier, as opposed to a common carrier. That is one issue that would need to be resolved as well.

So, the motion to dismiss is based on the redundancy of this proceeding and what we consider a open negotiation. That negotiation, of course, will be subject to all these other issues sort of swirling around, and, in the interim, those issues will resolve itself. In the alternate, if the Commission determines to proceed with this, with this docket, we ask at the very least that we — these issues are resolved prior to going into an arbitration that we frankly think is kind of rushing the issue.

MS. ROSS: I'm trying to understand the last argument. Are you arguing that, because IDT has only one customer, it is not a telecommunications carrier as

defined by the '96 Telecom Act?

MR. McDERMOTT: One of the arguments contained in the motion, and to sort of go into further detail, there is further detail in that motion, part of the Telecom Act under 251, the duty to interconnect has always been based on the fact that a telecommunications carrier is a common carrier, as opposed to a private carrier. In that, the motion, by the way, that I'm mentioning was dated April 2nd. IDT has, to my knowledge, not stated that their services will be generally available to the public. To my knowledge, they are going to be providing service to one customer, and not marketing to any other customers, which would fit the definition of a "private carrier". And, therefore, under 251, private carriers are not entitled to interconnection.

Now, again, that's another issue that's up in the air, that kind of needs to be resolved. You know, if IDT can make a showing that their services are generally available. That, if I'm another customer, and came to them, and, you know, they would provide that service to me, but that showing has not been made to date. So, that's yet another area that hasn't been resolved.

MS. ROSS: Do you have any legal authority for that proposition? That a telecommunications

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       carrier, for purposes of 251(a) and (b), needs to be a
 2
       common carrier?
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                         MR. McDERMOTT: Yes. And, it would be
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       contained in their April 2nd motion, which I can look for.
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                         MS. ROSS:
                                    The other point I was looking
       for some legal authority on is the requirement that the
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       carrier be certificated in order to be interconnected
       under 251(a) and (b). Do you have any legal authority for
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 9
       that?
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                         MR. McDERMOTT: The legal authority for
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       that is based on the language of 251(a).
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                         MS. ROSS: You indicated, though, that
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       it had been interpreted. Did you have an FCC or court
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       ruling interpreting 251(b)?
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                         MR. McDERMOTT: I don't at -- I don't
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       here. But it's been -- if necessary, we can provide court
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       precedent, at least three state courts' precedent on the
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       idea that 251(c) applies to your duty to interconnect
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       under 252. I don't have those --
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                         MS. ROSS: That's not the question that
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       I was asking you. I was asking you for your legal support
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       for the statement that, "in order to negotiate under 251"
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       -- "in order to interconnect under 251(a) and (b), the
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       carrier requesting interconnection needs to be
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certificated in a state?"
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                         MR. McDERMOTT: It has been based --
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       It's based -- I don't have any legal cases on that at
 4
      present.
                         MS. ROSS: Okay. If you do locate any
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 6
       cases, could you make them available to the parties and to
       the Commission?
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                         MR. McDERMOTT:
 8
                                         Sure.
                                                Absolutely.
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                         MS. ROSS:
                                    Thank you.
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                         MR. McDERMOTT: We set forth our
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       argument within our -- within our response dated
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                    The plain reading of Section 251, and the
       April 30th.
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       definition of "telecommunications carrier" contained
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       therein, would, on its face. But if -- I will provide the
       court with additional resources, as requested. So, I will
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16
       get something available to you guys.
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                         MS. ROSS:
                                    Thank you. I apologize.
                                                               Ι
18
       interpreted you.
                         Did you want to conclude your --
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                         MR. McDERMOTT: And, I will -- again, I
       will provide additional support on that point.
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21
       summarize and conclude here, what we're asking is that the
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       Commission resolve the issues before it, concerning IDT's
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       certificates and the issues that have been brought up
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       concerning interconnection, and proceed in a manner that
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       wouldn't sort of waste everyone's time by forcing us into
       an interconnection in a short period of time, which would
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       require everything to be arbitrated. We ask for,
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       essentially, a ruling on the issue surrounding this case
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       before we sort of proceed into an arbitration.
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                         In that interim time, there is the --
       the Company considers they're a valid request for
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       negotiations, which will, obviously, proceed while these
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       other issues are resolved. So, that's our position.
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                         MS. ROSS: Thank you.
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                         MR. BILLEK:
                                      Is Staff going now or are
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       we going?
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                         MS. ROSS: It's up to you. I had told
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       IDT that you could go last in the responses. But I
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       probably should have also added that typically the moving
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       party does have an opportunity, after all other parties
17
       have gone, to address issues that weren't covered in his
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       initial presentation. So, it's up to the parties how you
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       want to proceed. I just thought you might want to go --
                         MR. MUNNELLY: Sure. Let me -- I'll go,
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21
       then you can. I'll be short anyway.
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                         MR. BILLEK: Sure.
                                             If you want to, go
23
       right ahead.
24
                         MR. MUNNELLY:
                                        Thank you, Madam Hearing
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Officer. Robert Munnelly, from MetroCast. First point is just to keep in mind that MetroCast is a certificated carrier. It had its certificate back in September. The certificate was reaffirmed by the Commission in the early part of this year. The certification hasn't been stayed, even though Union has appealed it. And, so, it's — the issue here is, as long as they — once they can work out interconnection terms, so that, because IDT is its interconnection partner, MetroCast stands ready, willing and able to serve customers in Union's territory. So, there is an issue of speed and urgency here, which we support that this should be wrapped up.

I disagree strongly with counsel that there's any uncertainties here. Again, the certifications are done. The October 8 letter actually is copied to Mr. Barstow, which reflects the arrangements that this Commission approved back several years ago, whereas MetroCast and IDT are partnering to provide service to New Hampshire customers. So, it's clear that they, again, that that's -- that this is an arrangement that certainly at least benefits MetroCast, and again would like to move forward into the territory.

The crux of Union's almost entire argument as its principle is they're arguing that you have

to be a certified carrier in a particular territory in order to even start negotiations. There is no basis for that anywhere. There's nothing -- no authority cited in their brief, and it's not correct. It doesn't make any sense as a matter of law, it doesn't make any sense as a matter of policy. You know, you certainly would want to have parties be able to talk and get arrangements worked out, so that you don't have to waste time by getting the certificates, getting certified, and then starting the process.

So, again, they should have been, you know, the request came in in October, it should have been responded to, it should have been -- there should have been good faith negotiations, and then we wouldn't even have had to have this arbitration to begin with.

In terms of the legal arguments, and just keep in the mind, by the way, again, IDT will say this in their presentation, no doubt, but IDT is a certified telecommunications carrier in New Hampshire.

The only issue is, the question for them is that they just hadn't -- they elected to go through and get their certification in the Union territory as well. So, it's certainly not -- you can't make the argument of "well, they're a telecommunications carrier only in

Massachusetts, therefore they don't have authority to start the process in New Hampshire." They're already certified here.

In terms of the issue of whether the nine month time frames apply, it clearly does. 47 U.S.C. 252, by its terms, applies to all requests to negotiate that reach an impasse. It's not limited to 251(c). And, Madam Hearing Officer, you hit the nail right on the head, their argument, if you accept, is that 251 -- if 251(c) is the only one that 252 applies to, then what are the time frames? That's exactly the point. The point is is that 252 applies to all interconnection requests that hit impasse, and governs the process for working out all the different arrangements on that. The fact that there's a specific reference in 251(c) doesn't preempt everything else on that.

And, from the timing standpoint, we don't -- certainly MetroCast doesn't see that there's any reason this can't be wrapped up by July 8th. Again, we have to wait to see what Union is actually going to say with respect to the interconnection agreement that's on the table. For all we know, 99 percent of it may be acceptable. We don't even know, because they have refused to tell us what their positions are. Again, we need to --

it's something where, when we get to the procedural portion of the case, if Union is able to go first and lay what their issues are, this may very well be a very short arbitration.

I think that's it for now. I think I'll leave the rest of it to IDT.

MS. ROSS: Thank you.

MR. MUNNELLY: Thank you.

MR. BILLEK: Thanks for giving us the opportunity to be here today. I just wanted to add to a few of the points that Rob mentioned. First of all,

opportunity to be here today. I just wanted to add to a few of the points that Rob mentioned. First of all, again, IDT, at the time that it sent its initial letter to Union, was certified by the Public Utilities Commission; not in Union territory, but in the Verizon territory.

And, we disagree strongly that we needed to be certified in the Union territory before we sent our letter to Union. Again, the issue has been raised that what we did was impermissible, but there's been nothing that's been cited to. And, we don't think there is necessarily anything that can be cited to certainly in New Hampshire. And, I think it's worth noting that, back in 2002, December 17th, 2002, when IDT initiated its negotiations to opt into or to interconnect with Verizon, IDT was not certified at that point. And, actually, on the Verizon form, they

provided three options for the requesting carrier's status: "Certified", "Pending Certification", and "Not Filed". So, I think it was pretty clear that Verizon certainly did not take the position that the carrier needed to be certified, and they did not act that way during the interconnection process with Verizon. So, I think that's fairly relevant to how the process has worked in New Hampshire. I'm sure we are not alone in New Hampshire.

And, it's been our -- it's been our experience in other states as well that you do not need to be certified in a particular territory before you can request an interconnection agreement. Right now, we have three -- here we have three states right now, of Pennsylvania, South Carolina, and Wyoming, where we are currently in the negotiation process for interconnection agreements, where we have not received our final certification yet. So, really, I think this argument, which is really the basis from which everything else flows, is incorrect.

Moving on. There was a question about the timeline that would apply to the interconnection agreement, and you raised the question, if the timeline, which we've suggested does apply, does not, in fact,

apply, what to do? And, we would certainly support the Commission's decision, even if it were to find -- well, we would disagree if it found that the timeline didn't apply, but we would support the Commission, if it chose to impose the same timeline on its own. So, I just wanted to make that clear.

In terms of Union's thoughts on the agreement, whether, again, whether they would agree with 99 percent of the agreement or some lower percentage, we do think it's worth noting that they have had the agreement for quite some time. This is — The agreement that we've sent to them is an agreement that we've used with other, arguably, similar — similarly situated carriers to Union, and we think it's a pretty fair agreement. And, we don't anticipate there would be an overwhelming amount of issues that would need to be arbitrated. We think that the issues would be very minor actually.

Going onto the issue of whether IDT's certificate is valid, Mr. Munnelly mentioned our certificate is valid. It hasn't been stayed. There's been nothing that would suggest that it is anything other than valid. So, we simply -- we just want to make that point again and make sure that it's perfectly clear. IDT

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has a valid certificate in the Union territory.

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Also, an issue was raised about the second request that we made for interconnection. Clearly, after we made the first request and didn't receive a response for, well, a little more than four months, we realized that this process was not going to be as simple as -- and non-contentious as perhaps it could be. so, therefore, when Union initially stated that they weren't going to engage IDT in negotiations because we didn't have a valid certificate for their territory, once we had that valid certificate, we felt that, sort of under the "belt and suspenders" type approach, we felt it would be in our best interest to request -- to make another request for interconnection, in case the dispute over the initial request dragged out and out and out, we want to, basically, we want to be in business. And, the second request was made absolutely clear that, in making it, we were not foregoing any of the rights which we felt we had under the first request. We simply felt that it was necessary to do, given Union's prior position that we did not have a valid certificate. Perhaps it was foolish of us, but we did not necessarily anticipate that Union would then come back and question the validity of our certificate and try to use that as an attempt to further

delay the interconnection process.

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Another issue that has been raised is whether IDT is a private carrier or is a common carrier. I'd just like to point out that this particular business model that IDT would be engaging in in the Union territory, is one that we engage in in 15 states. state utility commission has found us to be a private carrier. And, I think that that speaks pretty clearly as to the fact that we are a common carrier. IDT does intend to work with MetroCast to provide them certain services that they will then use to provide end-user services. is not necessarily the traditional model that people think of of what a telecommunications carrier does and how they provide it, but it has proven successful to us. And, just because we have a particular customer lined up, once we have our certification and our interconnection agreement, does not in some way, shape or form turn us into a private carrier. Many, many companies get interconnection agreements without having any carriers lined up I don't know why we should be punished, whatsoever. essentially, for having one lined up. And, it is -- I think it's fair to say that IDT will offer certain services under its business model, and those services and that business model are going to be attractive to some

people and they're not going to be attractive to other people. But that's the case for any telecommunications carrier.

The only other point I would like to make, which Mr. Munnelly also made, is that, as soon as this process is resolved, IDT will be in the business of helping to provide a competitive service to people living in the Union incumbent territory. And, for that reason, we would appreciate any efforts to move the process along as quickly as possible, and just let us get in the market. That's my comments.

Is there anything you would like to add, Tom?

MR. JORDAN: If I could. Thank you for having us here. I just want to make a few additional comments that Mr. Billek made. One is related to the questions of IDT being a common carrier. I want to also state that, in New Hampshire, we operate in partnership with MetroCast, in a novel arrangement, so to speak, under Order 24,727, which has allowed us to operate jointly, in a joint fashion. That order was issued January 17th, '07, under DT 06-169. In that arrangement, the Commission views the telecommunications service that we provide not just by IDT, but as a joint partnership with MetroCast.

And, it was approved. And, we have been operating in that mode since that time. And, at present, we are currently serving 10,000 plus end-users jointly.

In reference to that partnership in that order, I feel that that would indicate that IDT is not a common carrier where we only have one customer, MetroCast, but we're actually serving jointly over 10,000 end-users.

And, I wanted to point that out as some added information.

One other last comment that I would like to make is in Union's testimony they referenced

Mr. Billek's letter, in regard to the pending case appeal in the U.S. -- New Hampshire Supreme Court against

MetroCast. I think it was a typo in Mr. Billek's letter, where he stated "it is reasonable for the Commission to place on hold our proceedings here until that's resolved".

I think what Mr. Billek meant to say was "it is unreasonable". So, that it's IDT's position that we don't want anything here to be put on hold pending that case.

As to reiterate, our position is we have a valid CPCN. We have a process that we followed to request interconnect through Union on -- it was October 8th, last year, was valid, and we want the arbitration hearings to hold to the timelines relative to those dates. Those are my comments.

1 MS. ROSS: Thank you. Could you tell me what "CPCN" stands for? 2 3 MR. JORDAN: I'm sorry. 4 MR. McDERMOTT: "Certificate of Public Convenience". 5 MS. ROSS: Thank you. 6 7 MR. JORDAN: Yes. It's another way to say we have authority in that area. Sorry about that. 8 9 MR. McDERMOTT: People love acronyms. 10 MR. JORDAN: Yes. 11 MR. HUNT: Thank you. Staff's position 12 is that the motion to dismiss should be denied, and that 13 the proceeding for arbitration under Section 251 -- excuse 14 me, 252 of the Act is appropriate. Hearing Union's 15 position on why this proceeding should be delayed, the 16 argument that it could amount to a waste of time, given 17 other proceedings, both the Supreme Court and the rules 18 proceeding, Staff's skeptical of that argument, given that 19 IDT's attempts to communicate with Union began on 20 October 8th of 2008, with no response, despite multiple 21 attempts to communicate with Union, until February 13th, 22 2009. It would appear that, if Union was concerned about 23 a delay and wasting time, that they would have responded 24 more quickly to the initial request sent by IDT, and the

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As to the underlying argument in the motion to dismiss, it's our position that Union is incorrect in asserting that IDT must be authorized to provide telecommunications service in Union territory before Union is obligated to negotiate an interconnection agreement. As the Commission has heard today, there is no legal citation supporting that position, and we would be very surprised to see any coming forth. Nothing in the Telecommunications Act requires IDT to be authorized to provide service in Union's territory prior to seeking interconnection. Section 251(a)(1) of the Act establishes Union's duty to interconnect with "other telecommunications carriers". IDT was a telecommunications carrier on October 9th, the date of the receipt by Union of IDT's letter requesting interconnection. We see no reason not to proceed and, obviously, we believe that that would be the best way to proceed under the arbitration provision.

And, with regard to the issue of wasting time, if that's a concern, then certainly Union should be prepared to agree to extend the deadline for this Commission to make a determination under Section 252. If that agreement can be established today, then there would

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       be less of a need to rush or expedite the matter.
                                                           Thank
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       you.
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                         MS. ROSS:
                                    Do I take that to mean that
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       Staff would support an extension of the statutory
       deadline, assuming it's applicable?
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                         MR. HUNT: Your Honor, it would have to
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       be somewhat brief, but we could probably support some
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       extension.
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                         MS. ROSS:
                                    Thank you. Would the Company
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       like to close?
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                         MR. McDERMOTT:
                                         Just wanted to make a
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       couple clarifications and comments. Just the -- I want to
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      make the point that the fact that somebody was cc'd on the
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       letter does not sort of give us the knowledge that this is
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       an interconnection agreement for MetroCast. MetroCast was
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       never mentioned until the petition for arbitration.
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       the negotiations was on behalf of MetroCast, you know, we
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       were aware that MetroCast had a certificate. If the
       interconnection demand letter had been from MetroCast,
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       that would have been a different story. But, as it is,
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       just cc'ing someone on a letter does not imply that
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       somehow MetroCast was involved.
23
                         The point about the ability to -- that
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       they have had success in terms of negotiating agreements
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before they obtain a certificate, of course, all customers carriers have the ability to negotiate agreements, whether or not they're required to. CLECs negotiate agreements with each other all the time, even though they're not required to. They negotiate traffic exchange agreements, incumbent -- large incumbent carriers, such as Verizon, they have template agreements that they have entered into with, you know, hundreds of -- potentially hundreds of people. They may or may not choose to negotiate. had experience dealing -- requesting negotiations on behalf of competitive carriers, and some will negotiate ahead of time and some will not. In certain AT&T territories, sort of legacy SBC, won't -- their response is essentially "present us with your certificate before we begin negotiations." Their sort of, you know, their experiences with other incumbents, it's for a matter of convenience sake, it doesn't -- it doesn't diminish the fact that it's a requirement. And, I think the fact that they're a telecommunications carrier in other parts of the state does not diminish the fact that they are, under the definition of "telecommunications carrier", they were not a telecommunications carrier in the territory of Union as of that October letter.

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It comes down to the language in 251, we

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agree with Staff, but we think that that -- that the real question here is the definition of a "telecommunications That is applicable to the territory at hand here. My analogy that, you know, in Massachusetts, you know, could equally apply to different service territories in the same state. I'm aware, for example, in Pennsylvania, Pennsylvania generally gives you authority in three different territories of Verizon, but does not give you, by a matter of right, the ability to go into Commonwealth territory. You're not considered a telecommunications carrier for purposes of an interconnection to go to the Commonwealth and say "I want an interconnection agreement", until you go to the state and ask for a certificate. They will not negotiate with you. And, the reason being is because, in their area, you are not a telecommunications carrier.

I want to also stress that we have a motion before this Commission concerning reconsideration of IDT's certificate. Until that's ruled on, we have a Supreme Court proceeding against MetroCast, but until that motion is resolved, I mean, there's nothing we can do. And, we think that, before anything happens, we need to have that resolved, to be sure that IDT's certificate is valid for the time being.

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And, in terms of their statement on "common carrier" versus "private carrier", what we're essentially asking for is the statement that they would provide services to customers in similarly situated, that comes to them and asks for that type of service. "Private carriers" are defined as "people that do not offer service to the general public." The fact that they have, you know, a customer in place, and that, you know, a lot of times other carriers just will ask for interconnection where they don't have any customers, that's because they have a generally available product that they're going to all customers within the state and offering it to. I don't know that they're a private carrier. We're just asking for a clarification from them. If they make the statement that "hey, you know, we're going after different customers", but, from what has been said, it sounds like they have an arrangement with MetroCast, and that's the only customer that they're really interested in providing service to. If that's the case, then we have an issue in terms of whether they would be eligible for interconnection. But we're not -- we don't know what the answer to that is. That just shows one of the areas that need to be resolved by our April 2nd, you know, motion before this Commission that has yet to be resolved.

And, so, just to sum up, I think that we
-- we just want answers to some of the unresolved
questions before we move forward. That's essentially what

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we're asking for.

MS. ROSS: Thank you. Normally, following a prehearing conference, we invite the parties to try to reach an agreement with regard to a procedural schedule. This docket is somewhat problematic, in that we would be asking you to come up with a procedural schedule before you knew whether and how the pending motion to dismiss and the motion to stay are going to be disposed of. On the other hand, I assume parties have traveled here today, and since you are all in one room, what I would ask you to do is, for purposes of reaching an agreement on a procedural schedule, assume for now that the motion to dismiss will be denied and that the motion to stay will be denied, only -- not to signal any result to you, but I think, if you make those assumptions for purposes of coming up with a procedural schedule, it will at least allow the parties to try to come up with something reasonable that you all can agree to. And, then, if, for some reason, this gets dismissed, obviously, the procedural schedule will be moot or, if it gets stayed, we'll have to ask you to come back and revisit the

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procedural schedule. But I think it would still be useful
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       for you to spend that time, and to the extent that you can
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       dispose of any of the disputed issues that you have argued
       and raised today, if you do dispose of them, please advise
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       me, so that I can include that in the recommendation to
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       the Commission.
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                         And, with that, thank you for your
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       attendance, and I'll take this under advisement.
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                         MR. JORDAN: Just a point, are we able
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       to make a response to their closing statement, allowing
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       them to --
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                         MS. ROSS: Typically, we don't keep it
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       going back and forth. It could be a long morning.
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                         MR. JORDAN: I understand.
                         MR. BILLEK: May I just -- Pardon me.
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       But may I just ask one question about our discussions
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       about the schedule. Is it your wish that we try to come
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       up with a schedule that's consistent with the July 8th
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       deadline or is that something between the parties to
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       decide or --
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                         MS. ROSS:
                                    I think I'll leave that to
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       the parties. And, I apologize, I just can't prejudge
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       these issues right now.
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                         MR. BILLEK:
                                      Okay.
                                             Understood.
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1	MS. ROSS: And, I don't want to prejudge
2	them. So, I'm going to ask you to do the best you can
3	with your differing positions and try to come up with a
4	procedural schedule that works from a business point of
5	view, as opposed to a purely legal point of view right
6	now.
7	MR. BILLEK: Understood. Thank you.
8	MS. ROSS: Because we have unresolved
9	legal issues, as you all know. Thank you.
10	MR. BILLEK: Thank you.
11	(Whereupon the prehearing conference
12	ended at 11:03 a.m., and the Staff and
13	the Parties convened a technical
14	conference thereafter.)
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